GEYMAN, L., inzh.; SVIRSKIY, Yu., inzh.

Concrete obtained without water or coment. Un.tekh. 4
nc.218-9 F '60.
(MRA 15:6)

(Lightweight concrete) (Furaldehyde)

LISHIN, G.L., ingh.; GEYMAN, L.N., ingh.

Garrying out blasting operations by means of nondisruptive explosions (from "Byggwastaren, byggnadsteknik" no.4, 1957,

"Water Power" May 1959). Shakht.stroi. 4 no.2:28-30 F '60.

(Sweden--Mining engineering)

(Sweden--Mining engineering)

LISHIN, G.L., inzh.; GETMAN, L.M., inzh.

Underground workings with large cross sections. Shakht.
stroi. 5 no. 1:27-29 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:2)

(Underground construction)

(Mining engineering)

HARON, L.I., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, otv. red.; GEYMAN, L.M., red.; TIKHOMIROVA, S.G., tekhn. red.; MAKAGONOVA, T.A., tekhn. red.

[Rupture resistance of rocks during mining operations] Soprotivliaemost' gornykh porod razrusheniiu pri dobyvanii. Moskva, Izdvo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1962. 230 p. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut gornogo dela. 2. Institut gornogo dela im. A.A.Skochinskogo (for Baron).
(Rocks--Testing) (Mining machinery)

AYRUNI, Arsen Tigranovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; ALEKSEYEV, Viktor Borisovich; BURSHTEYN, Mark Aleksandrovidh; GEYMAN, Leonid Mikhaylovich; GRABILIN, Yuriy Nikolayevich; KILIMOV, Sergey Leonidovich; SOSNOV, Vladimir Dmitriyevich; SENCHEVA, Valentina Ivanovna; SUYETIN, Georgiy Georgiyevich; FEYGIN, Lev Mikhaylovich; SHEVCHENKO, Vadim Dmitriyevich; KAZAKOV, B.Ye., otv. red. toma; TAYTS, T.L., red.; OSVAL'D, E.Ya., red. izd-va; MINSKER, L.I., tekhn. red.

[The coal industry of capitalist countries]Ugol'naia promyshlennost' kapitalisticheskikh stran. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu. Vol.2.[Technology, mechanization, and organization of development workings]Tekhnologiia, mekhanizatsiia i organizatsii rabot pri provedenii podgotovitel'nykh gornykh vyrabotok. Otv. red. toma: B.E.Kazakov, V.D.Sosnov, G.G.Suetin. 1962. 351 p. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Moscow. TSentral'nyy institut tekhnicheskoy informatsii ugol'noi promyshlennosti. 2. TSentral'nyy institut tekhnicheskoy informatsii ugol'noy promyshlennosti, Moscow(for Suyetin, Sencheva).
3. Gosudarstvennyy proyektnyy institut po avtomatizatsii ugol'noy promyshlennosti (for Feygin). 4. Gosudarstvennyy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR po avtomatizatsii i mashinostroyeniyu (for Sosnov).
5. Vsesoyuznyy tsentral'nyy proyektnyy institut po proyektirovaniyu shakhtnogo stroitel'stva kamennougol'noy promyshlennosti (for Burshteyn, Shevchenko). 6. Gosudarstvennoye nauchno-tekhnicheskoye izdatel'stvo po ugol'noy promyshlennosti(for Geyman).
(Continued on next card)

GEYMAN, Leonid Mikhaylovich; IVANOV, S.M., red.; RAKITIN, I.T., tekhn. red.

[Road to horison 723] Put' na gorizont 723. Moskva, Izdvo "Znanie," 1963. 39 p. (Novoe v zhizni, nauke, tekhnike.
IV Seriia: Tekhnika, no.15) (MIRA 16:8)
(Strip mining)

PHOTOD'YAKONOV, M.M., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof., otv. red.; EOIFMAN, M.I., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof., red.; TEDER, R.I., kand. tekhn.nauk, red.GEYMAN, L.M., red.; SIMKINA, G.S., tekhn. red.

[Mechanical properties of rocks] Mekhanicheskie svoistva gornykh porod. Moskva, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1963. 169 p. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR, Institut gornogo dela. (Bocks--Testing) (Coal--Testing)

GEYMAN, Leonid Mikhaylovich; SAL'TSOVSKIY, Mark Samsonovich;
YUMATOV, B.P., doktor tekhn. nauk, otv. red.; CHERNENKO,
M.E., red.; KIYAUS, Ye.M., red.izd-va; ASTAF'YEVA, G.A.,
tekhn. red.

[In the valleys of golden sand] V dolinakh zolotogo peska. Moskva, 1zd-vo AN SSSR, 1963. 159 p. (MIRA 17:1)

NOVOZHILO7, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; GEYMAN LaMa, gornyy inzh.; YEFREMOV, E.I., gornyy inzh.; KHOTITENKO, Yu.P., gornyy inzh.

Effect of the diameter of the charge on the extent of the crushing of friable bodies by blasting. Vzryv. delo no.53/10: 59-76 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Otdeleniye gornorudnykh problem AN UkrSSR. (Blasting)

DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; GEYMAN, L.M., gornyy inzh.; SEMENYUK, I.L., gornyy inzh.

Efficient value of the proximity coefficient of charges. Vzryv. delo no.53/10:89-96 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Otdeleniye gornorudnykh problem AN UkrSSR. (Blasting)

GEYMAN, L.M.

For all ages and professions. Gor.zhur. no.12:66-67 D '63.

(MIRA 17:3)

1. Zaveduyushchiy obshchestvennoy redaktsiyey nauchno-populyarnoy literatury Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-tekhnicheskogo izdatel's '77a po ugol'noy promyshlennosti.

DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; GEYMAN. L.M., gornyy inzh.; KHOTIYENKO, Yu.P., gornyy inzh.

Effect of the location of the point of detonation on the mechanism of breaking and the degree of crushing of friable bodies by blasting. Vzryv. delo no.53/10:105-112 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Otdeleniye gornorudnykh problem AN UkrSSR. (Blasting)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; GEYMAN, L.M., gornyy inzhener; KOMIR, V.M., gornyy inzhener

Studying the efficiency of charges with air spaces. Vzryv. delo no.54/11:113-125 *64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Filial Instituta mekhaniki AN UkrSSR.

LRUKOVNYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; KRASNOPOL'SKIY, A.A., gornyy inzh.; GEYMAN, L.M., gornyy inzh.

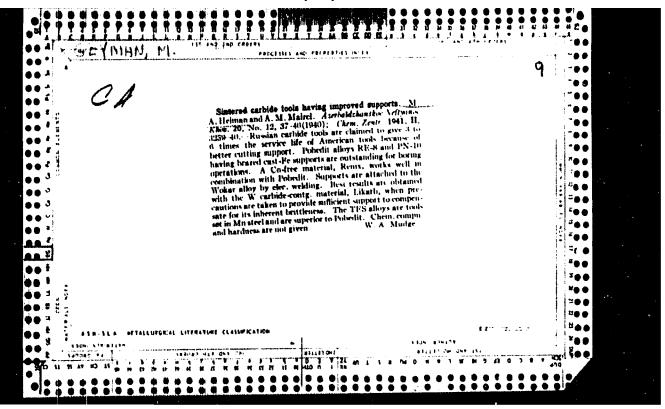
Determining the effective degree coefficient of crushing flux limestone and dolomite. Varyv. delo no.54/11:210-215 164. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Filial Instituta mekhaniki AN UkrSSE.

DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; IL'IM, V.I., inzh.; KOMIR, V.M., inzh.; GEYMAN, L.M.

Theoretical premises for an effective conduction of blasting operations in a compressed medium. Vzryv. delo no.57/14: 66-82 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Filial instituta mekhaniki AN UkrSSR (for Drukovanyy, 11'in, Komir).



GETWAN, M. A.

Author: Geimm, M. A.

Title: The Forging of chisel steel. The smalling and fusing of hard alloys.

Zepravka molot rezhvenchego tipa, zavarka i naplavka tverdykh splavet. 9

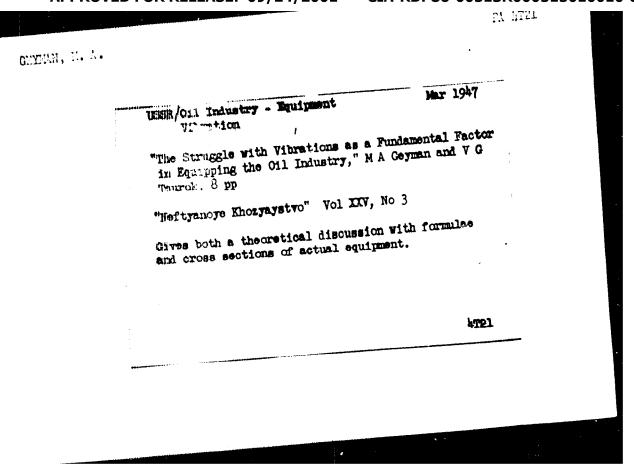
City: Moscow Publisher:

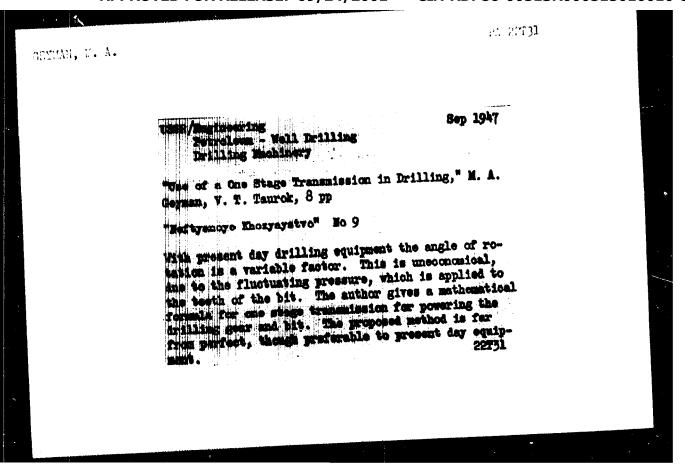
Printing House of Technical Literature.

Date: 1946

Available: Library of Congress

Source: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, V. 3, n. 12, March 1951





GETMAN, M. A.

"Forces Acting on Supports of Milling Heads," Neft. khoz., No.8, 1948

Trum, M. A. Timer, V. J.

From about different types of bits for drills in the bil inestry which were tested at the wells of the Buguruslammeft', Ishimbayneft', one crikommeft' theuruslam oil, and Kama River) trusts.

Soviet Source: F: Neftyanoc Khouyaystvo - Aur 1/68 - Noscow
U stracted in USIR "Treasure Island", on file in Library of Concress, Air Information
Division, Report No. PRO72 Unclassified.

Effect of water on the petroleum flow at the opening of oil sands]
Vilianie vody na pritok nefti pri vskrytii plasta. Hoskva, Gostoptskhizdat, 1949. 71 p.

(Oil well drilling)

KOTTAKHOV, F.I.; GHYMAN, M.A., redaktor.

[Effect of water on the petroleum flow at the opening of oil sands]
Vilianie vody na pritok nefti pri vskrytii plasta. Hoskva, Gostoptskhizdat, 1949. 71 p.

(Oil well drilling)

GEYMAN, M. A.

33144

O Profile Napravlennykh Skvazhin. Trudy In-Ta Nefti (Akad. Nauk Sssr), T. I, Vyp. 1, 1949, c. 73-82

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, Vol. 45, Moskva, 1949

ROS	HCHIN, P. F. and GEYMAN, M. A.	
	Burovye Mashiny i Mekhaniemy (Ground Boring Machine and Mechanisms), 390 p.,	
	Moscow and Leningrad, 1950.	
		:

MUSEAN, Morris, 1907- ; GEYKAN, M.A. [translator]

[Physical principles of petroleum engineering] Fisicheskie tekhnologii dobychi nefti. Sokr. i perer. perevod s angliiskogo M.A.Geimana. Meskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. isd-vo neftianoi i gorno-toplivnoi literatury, 1953. 60 p.

(Petroleum engineering)

SHIRATEV, G.I.: GETHAN, M.A. tandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsemzent;
SULTANOV, D.K., inzhener, retsemzent; KOVALEVA, A.A., vedushchiy
redaktor; TROFIMOV, A.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Safety engineering in the petroleum industry] Tekhnika bezopasnosti
v neftspromyslovom dele, Hoskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neftianoi
i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1954. 222 p.

(Petroleum industry-Safety measures)

(Petroleum industry-Safety measures)

AID P - 329

Subject : USSR/Mining

Card : 1/1

Author : Geyman, M. A.

Title : Drilling of wells under complicated conditions

Periodical: Neft. Khoz., v. 32, #5, 12-19, My 1954

Abstract : The article is related mainly to the chemistry of water

solutions used in well drilling under complicated conditions. Various additives and solvents are reviewed, tested and recommended for underground layers of particular composition. The author analyses the causes for crumbling, avalanching, slipping and other forms of damages in clay walls of the drilling well. He suggests special study in each case and the use of appropriate solutions to develop protective surface coatings as

workable.

Institution: Petroleum Institute of Ac. of Sci., USSR (Colloid-

Electrochemical Inst., Ac. of Sci., USSR

Submitted : No date

GEYMAN, MA

AID P - 1131

Subject

: USSR/Mining

Card 1/1

Pub. 78 - 9/25

Authors

: Geyman, M. A., Stolyarov, A. D. and Vasil'yeva, N. P.

Title.

: New laboratory apparatus for analysis of core-samples

Periodical: Neft. khoz., v. 32, #11, 33-39, N 1954

Abstract

: Three laboratory methods of analysis of water-oil saturation in the core sample are outlined. Extraction apparatuses with vacuum heat insulation and condenser (Dean and Stark, Sohlet, Vurtz and Libich) are briefly outlined. Three drawings, 1 table, 2 charts and 2 Russian references

(1950-1953).

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

CEYMAN, M. A. AND ROSHCHIN, P. F.

"Drilling Machines and Mechanisms," Gostoptekhizdat, 1955

Translation of TABCON D 331417, 28 Sep 55

GEYMAN, M.A.; MANIKONOY, A.G.

Use of electrosmotic action in petroleum engineering. Trudy Inst.

nefti no.5:138-144 '55. (NIRA 8:12)

(Electrosmosis) (Oil well logging, Electric)

USSR/Geology - Petroleum

FD-2933

Card 1/1

Pub. 41-14/17

Author

: Geyman, M. A., Shneyerson, V. B. and Mamikonov, A. G., Moscow

Title

: The effect of pressure on the change in wetability of minerals

within the oil bearing strata

Periodical

: Izv. AN SSSR, Otd. Tekh. Nauk 6, 127-139, June 1955

Abstract

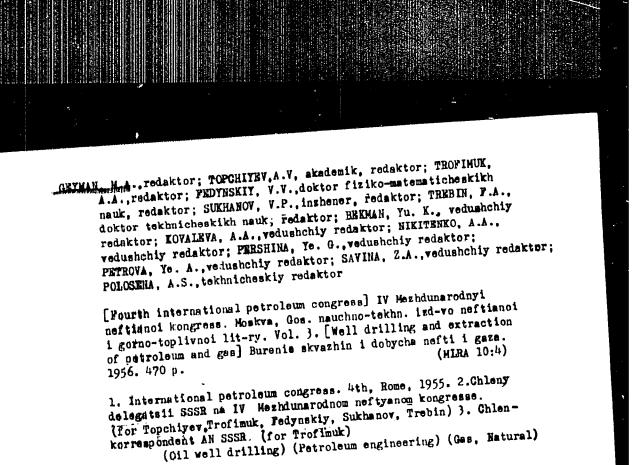
: Determines the importance of knowing the wetability of oil bearing strata, under varied pressures, for maximum extraction of oil by water pressure. The water is pumped into the oil bearing strata and displaces and also washes out the oil from the minerals for possible recovery. It is concluded that the amount of natural pressure present within the strata has a definite effect on wetability and extraction of oil. Diagrams,

graphs. Fifteen references, all USSR.

Institution : Institute of Petroleum, Academy of Sciences USSR

Submitted

: November 13, 1954



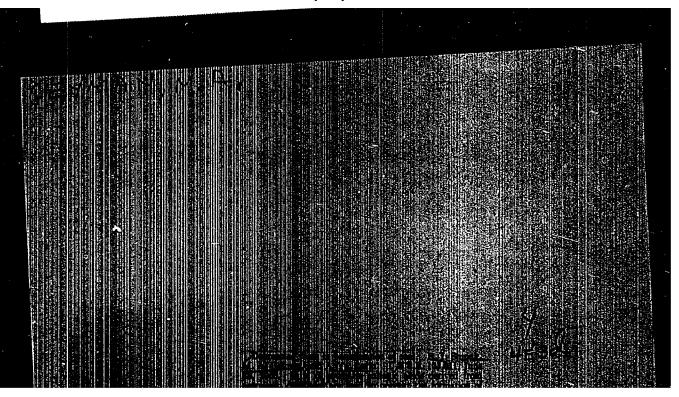
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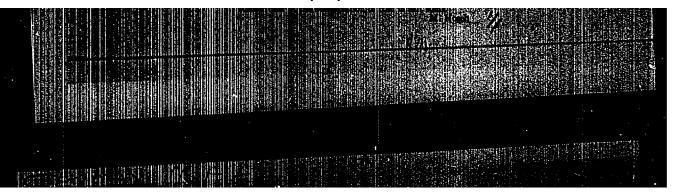
TOPCHIYEV, A.V.akademik, redaktor; TROFIMUK, A.A., redaktor; TREBIH, F.A., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; FEDYNSK, V.V., doktor fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, redaktor; SUKHANOV, V.P., inzhener, redaktor; GIYMAN, M.A., redaktor; NOVIKOVA, M.M., vedushchiy redaktor; SHIKIN, S.T., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

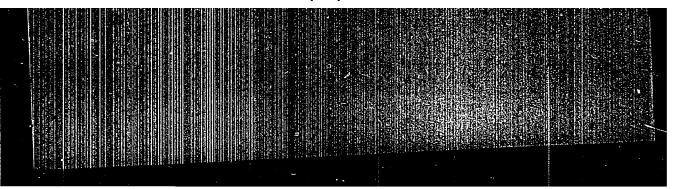
[Fourth International Petroleum Congress] IV Mezhdunarodnyi neftianoi kongress. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, Vol. 9. [Transportation, storage. and distribution of petroleum products Transport, khranenie i raspredelenie nefteproduktov. 1956. 144 p.

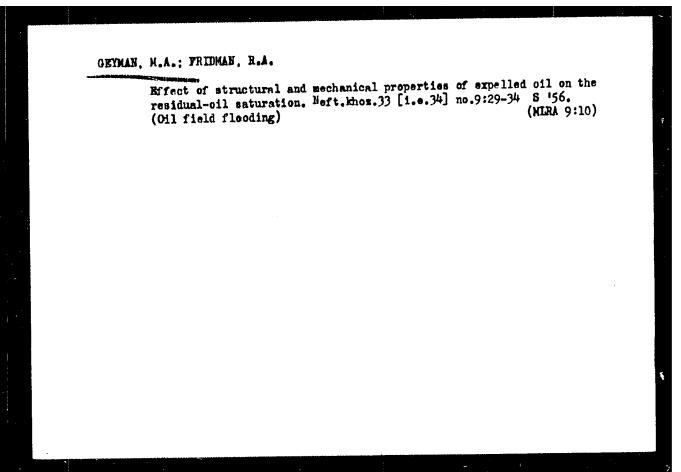
1. International Petroleum Congress. 4th, Rome, 1955. 2. Chleny delegatsii SSSR na IV Mezhdunarodnom neftyanom kongresse. (for Topchiyev, Trofimuk, Trebin, Fedynsk, Sukhanov)3. Chlen-(Petroleum products) korredpondent AN SSR. (for Trofimuk)

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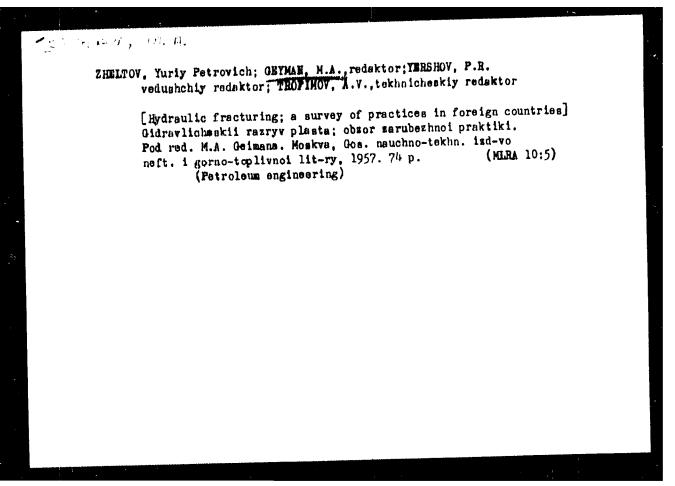




SUEHCRUKOV, Lev Vasil'yevich; GEYMAN, M.A., red.; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.red.

[Production and transportation of petroleum and gas in the U.S.A.; a survey of practices in foreign countries] Tekhnika dobychi i transporta nefti i gass VSShA, obsor zarubeshnoi praktiki. Pod red.M.A.Oeimana. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft.i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1957. 64 p.

(United States--Petroleum industry) (United States--Gas, Natural)



KOVALXV. Aleksandr Georgiyevich; OEYMAN, M.A., redaktor; PETROVA, Ye.A. vedushchiy redaktor; TROFINOV, A.V., tekshnicheskiy redaktor

[Flooding of oil fields in the United States] Zavodnenie neftianykh plastov v SSHA. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1957. 109 p. (MLRA 10:5)

(United States--Oil field flooding)

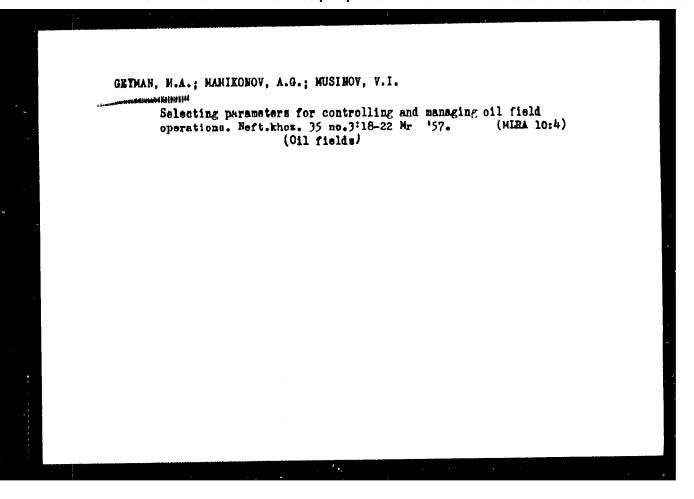
(MIRA 11:1)

GEYMAN, M.A.; KHAHMURZIN, I.I.

Evaluating the effectiveness of methods for eliminating stuck

(Oil well drilling)

pipes during drilling. Neft. khoz. 35 no.10:11-16 0 157.



GEYMAN, M. A.

with R. A. Fridman "Dislodging the Romashkino Field Petroleum From Loose Sands Carried Out at a Low Temperature"

Transactions of the Petroleum Institute, Acad. Sci. USSR, v. 11, 011 Field Industry, Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958. 346pp.

GRIMAN, M.A.; KHANMURZIN, I.I.

Ratural surface-active reagents for drilling fluids. Biul.tekh.ekon.inform. no.2:6-7 158. (MIRA 11:4)

(Oil well drilling fluids)

GETMAN, N.A.; MAMIKONOV, A.G.

Radio dispatching systems used in oil fields. Biul. tekh.-ekon.

Inform. no.4:9-11 '58.

(Oll fields) (Signals and signaling)

(Oll fields) (Signals and signaling)

AUTHORS: Geyman, M.A. and Khanmurzin, I.I. 132-58-7-4/13

TITLE: Elimination of Difficulties in Exploratory Hole Drilling

(Ror'ba s oslozhneniyami pri burenii razvedochnykh skvazhin)

PERIODICAL: Razvedka i okhrana nedr, 1958, Nr 7, pp 17-22 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors describe different methods for an improvement of the drilling fluids used in bore holes under various genological conditions. Tough many are already known, new com-

plications arise for which a sclution needs to be found. The use of aerated drilling fluid to obtain a lighter flushing fluid does not give good results, because the fluid is very unstable. Ligher fluids must have a high viscosity and necessary cementing qualities to reinforce the walls of the have hole. Such fluids can be obtained from the clay of

bore hole. Such fluids can be obtained from the clay of any given quality with normal sand content by addition of a chemical detergent "DS" ("Detergent Sovietskiy"). This detergent is composed of salts of aromatic sulfo acids obtained from oil, coal and shist distillates. The authors describe experiments made with such solutions. The drilling solution in this case is a whole string of tiny bulbs of air

solution in this case is a whole string of tiny bulbs of air possessing huge cohesive force with the rock. It helps clean and remove the slime from the hole, it keeps the water

from escaping into the layer, it regulates the circulation of the fluid in the hole and preserves the walls. Exper-

Elimination of Difficulties in Exploratory Hole Drilling 132-58-7-4/13

ience in this field has also shown that the addition of coal-alkali or peat-alkali reagents to the drilling fluid assures good filtration results. This fluid is inactive when there is a contact with waters below the petroleum layer or in the passage of the drill through sulfatic rocks, or when salt penetrates the solution. In this case, the authors recommend the use of a drilling solution with an addition of KMTs-Karboksimetiltsellyuloz (CMC-Carboximetilcellulose), or the combination of EMts and starch. The authors conducted extensive research to produce new kinks of reagents for the chemical processing of the new drilling fluids and for the stabilization of natural carbonic, carbon-argillaceous, argillaceous and other suspensions. It was found that wild chestnuts and acorns gave the best results. Chestnuts are a natural compound of protein-starchtannide with a significant content of saponins, while acorns are composed of a starch-protein compound with the addition of oleic acid and a surface-active organic compound (formula C_H_33CO2H) which contributes to colloidization and gelatination of the drilling fluid, because the sodium nitrate of the oelic acid is a good disperser and emulsifier. To obtain a reagent from these glands, they are ground to powder

Card 2/3

Elimination of Difficulties in Exploratory Hole Drilling 132-58-7-4/13

and mixed with a slightly alkaline solution of various dedegrees of concentration. The authors present tables which illustrate the results obtained with these fluids. There

are 5 tables and 4 Soviet references

ASSOCIATION: Institut nefti AN SSSR (Petroleum Institute of the AS USSR)

1. Drilling fluids--Materials 2. Drilling fluids--Performance

3. Drilling fluids -- Properties

Card 3/3

Bov/93-58-7-9/17

AUTHOR:

Geyman, M.A. and Gadiyev, S.M.

TITLE:

Operation of Dual Wells (Ekspluatatelya dvukhstvol'nykh skvazhin)

PERIODICAL: Neftyar.cye khozyaystvo , 1958, Nr 7, pp. 44-51 (USSR)

The article states that hundreds of dual wells have been drilled at the Knybyshevneft', Bashneft', Dagneft', Azneft', and Artemneft' (Azerbaydzhan SSR) oilfields ABSTRACT: and that the number of dual and multiple wells will greatly increase during the new five year plan. The available equipment for the operation of fual and multiple wells do not satisfy the technical requirements. A study of inclined wells at Stall meft' disclosed that drill pipes frequently break at the joints. This failure is currected by installing used plungers from 56 millimeter pipe pumps at the highly inclined sectors in the well. At GrozNII the tool joints, the drill pipes, and the nump pipes are protected against wear by rubber devices, and in Rumania by textolite devices. In the United States wear is reduced by employing long-stroke deep well pumps with hydraulic drive. The American method was suggested in the Soviet Union in 1947 by M.G. Geyman (Patent No. 69431), but it was never introduced in the industry. A study of tool joints has determined that ground joints with hard bands are most resistant to wear. The authors of the present article maintain that wear due to friction can be reduced by empliying special hollow tubular rods with upset ends and locking joints. Among Wis timber problems of dual well operation are the difficulties presented by The deep well pumps in wells of high gas or sand content as at the 4th cilfield Ar semefit, Banka-Darvina, Gurgyanneft', Bukhta Il'icha, and Dagmormeft'. On a 1/2

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Describion of David Wells

Sov/93-58-7-9/17

Efficient operation of dual wells can be achieved with the aid of well head equipment which will simultaneously cap several holes in the area and provide for the separation of the yields from the individual wells. Fig. 1 shows the possible layouts of well head equipment for free flowing dual wells. Fig. 2 shows the layout of well head equipment for dual wells operated by deep well pumps. Fig. 5 shows the special deep well pump gear designed by the Institut nefti (Pstroleum Institute) AN SSSR for the exploitation of dual wells. Fig. 4 shows hydraulic gear for deep well pumps employed in dual well operation. The authors state that the stationary derricks or masts employed for dual wells do not satisfy the technical requirements and must be replaced by portable derricks. The uselessness of stationary derricks is reflected in the operation of the Izberbash offshore oilfield, where subsurface repairs are carried out by employing portable hoists and "Bakinets 2" masts. The authors conclude that the equipment for the operation of dual and multiple wells must be improved before planning the development of new oilfields. There are 4 figures.

Card 2/2 1. Drilling machines-Equipment

GRYMAN, H.A.; FRIIMAN, R.A.

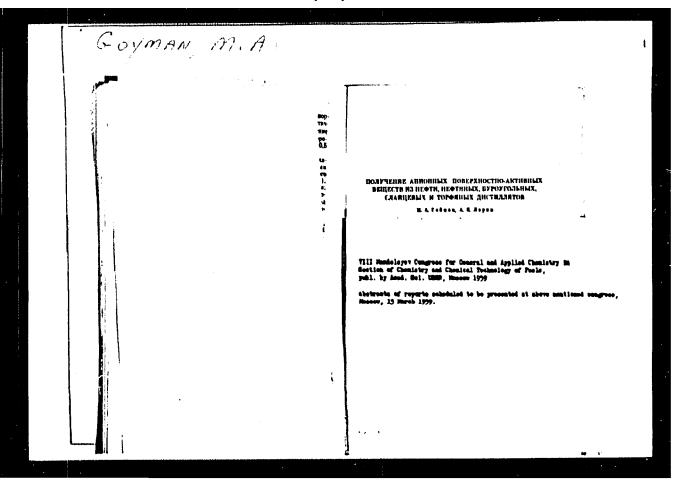
Plooding the Romashkino oil from unconsolidated sands at low temperatures. Trudy Inst.nefti 11:193-208 '58. (NIEA 11:12) (Oil field flooding)

GETMAN, M.A.; KHANMURZIN, I.I.; FRIDMAN, R.A.

Controlling structural and mechanical properties of drilling muds.

Azerb. neft. khoz. 37 no.2:16-21 F 158. (MIRA 11:6)

(Oil well drilling fluids)



TITKOV, Mikolay Lossfovich; KORZHUYEV, Aleksandr Sergeyevich; SMOLYANIMOV, Vladimir Georgiyevich; MIKISHIN, Vladimir Aleksandrovich; HEREFINA, Anna Yakovlevna; GEYMAN, M.A., red.; DUBROVINA, M.D., vedushchiy red.; POLOSINA, A.S., tekhn.red.

[Using electrochemical methods for stabilizing unstable rocks]
Elektrokhimicheskii metod zakrepleniia neustoichivykh gornykh
porod. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi
lit-ry, 1959. 77 p.

(Soil stabilization)

SHAKHNAZAROV, Armans Aratyunovich; GEYMAN, M.A., red.; PETROVA, Ye.A., ved.red.; FRIOTOVA, I.G., tekhn.red.

[Comenting of the bottom hole area] Kreplenie prisaboinoi sony skvashin. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1959. 83 p. (MIRA 12:7)

(Oil well cementing)

UGOLEV, Vladimir Semenovich; MUSINOV, Vladimir Ivanovich; GEYMAN, M.A., red.; DUBROVINA, N.D., vedushchiy red.; POLOSINA, M.B., tekhn.red.

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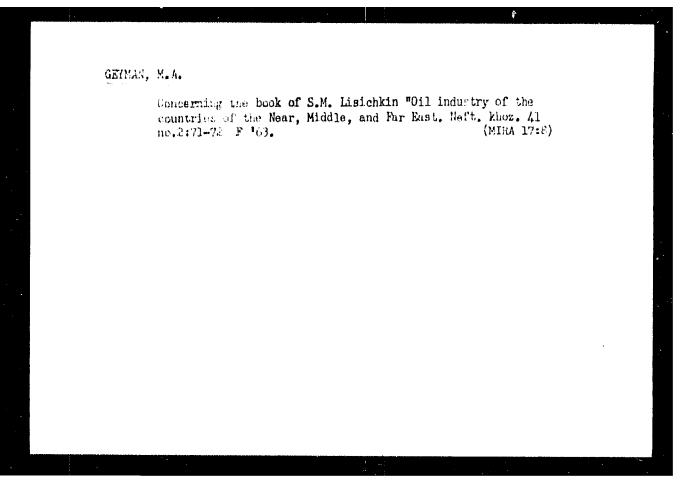
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l. Institut nefti AN SSSR i Institut geologii i razrabotki goryuchikh iskopayemykh AN SSSR.

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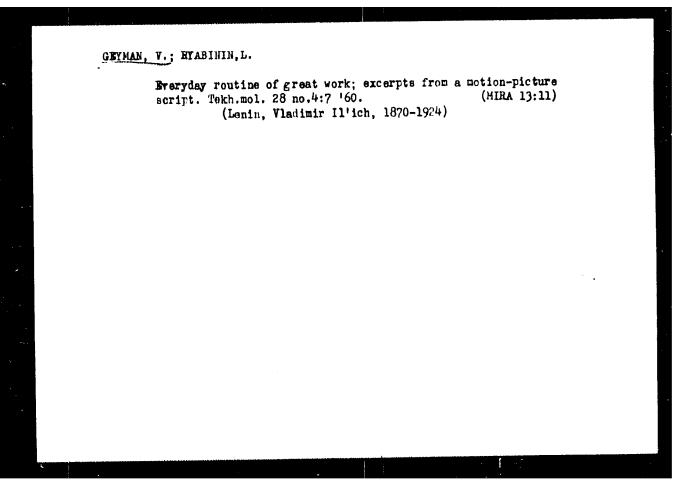
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GEYMAN, R.G., indi., LAVROV, Yu.G., anch.

TELEM apparatus for the remote coatrol of corptaining in the Moscow
Flectric Power System, Trudy UNIE no. 12:115-324 [16]. (MIRA 18:4)

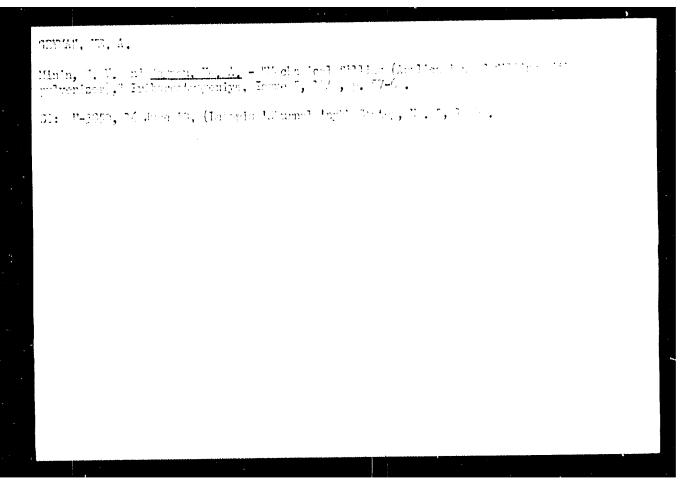
l. TSantralinaya laboratoriga i eksterimentalinyya masterskiye Moskovskogo rayonnogo oprioleniya amergetiomaskogo khozyaystva.

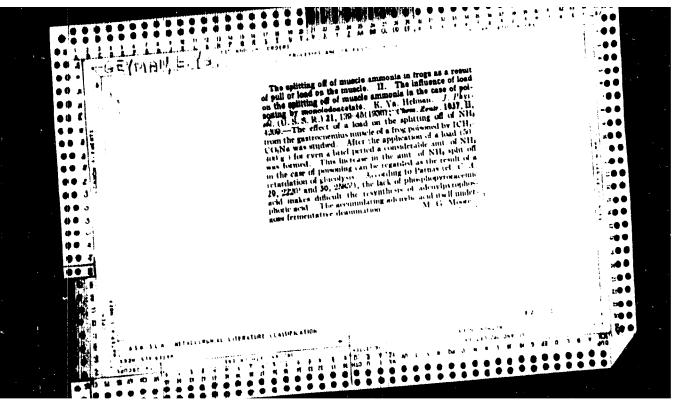


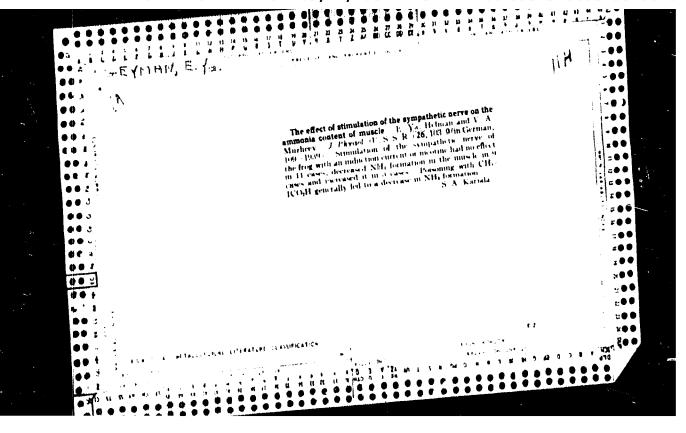
KOCHIN, Georgiy Yevgen'yevich; GEYMAN, V.G., otv. red.[deceased];

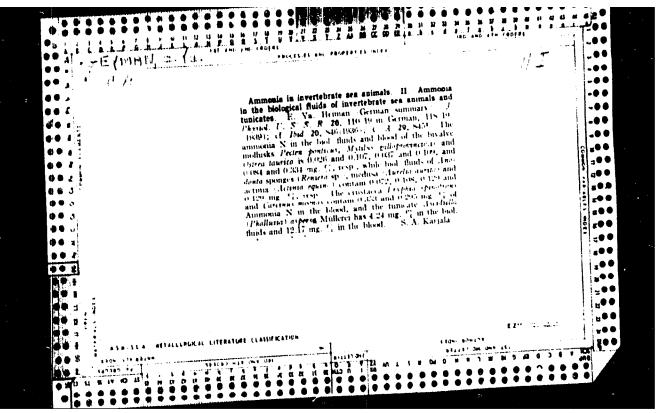
[Agriculture in Russia during the period of the forma-

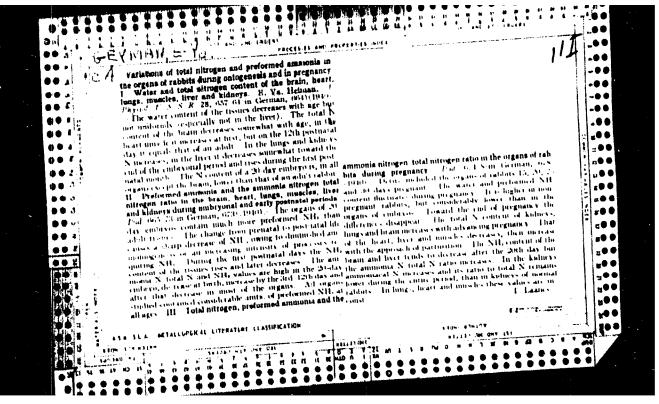
tion of the Russian centralized state; the end of the 13th to the beginning of the 16th century] Sel'akoe khoziaistvo na Rusi v prochrazovaniia Russkogo tsentralizovannogo gosudarstva koneta XIII-nachalo XVI v. Moskva Nauka, 1965, 461 p. (MIRA 18 4)

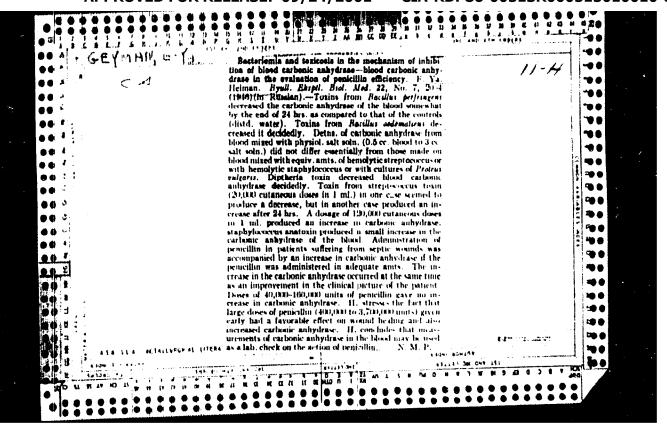


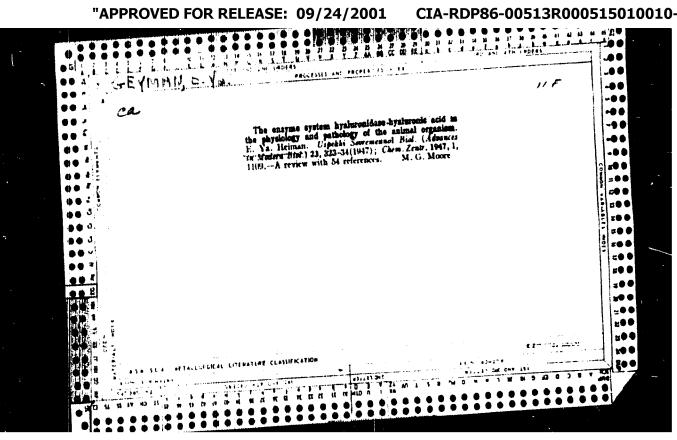


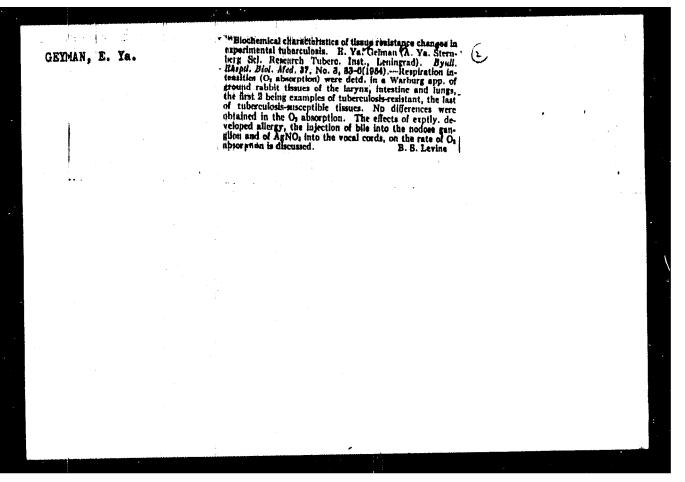












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GEVALN, Ye.Ta.; LEVTOVA, F.A.

GETMAN, Ye.Ta.; LEVTOVA, F.A.

Role of tissue metabolism in the mechanism of chemoreception. Biul.
eksp. biol. i med. 38 no.7:13-17 Jl '54. (MLRA 7:8)

1. Iz otdela eksperimental'noy patologii (sav. 6.S.Kan) i biokhinicheskoy laboratorii (sav. 7e.Ka.Geyman) Mauchno-issledovatel'skogo tuberkulesnogo instituta imeni A.Ya.Shternberga (dir. A.D.Semenov), Leningrad.

(INTENTINES, physiology, reflexes from chemoreceptors, role of metab.)
(MNTABOLISM, TISSUE,
in form of reflexes from intestinal chemoreceptors)
(RRFLEX,
from intestinal chemoreceptors, role of tissue metab. in form.)
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GABER, I.E., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; GE\MAN, Ye.Ya., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KAN, G.S., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Mechanism of the direct depressing effect of streptomycin on tissue chemoreceptors. K izuch.roli nerv.sist.v pat., immun.i lech.tub. no.2:323-326 '61. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Iz laboratorii eksperimental'noy patologii i terapii (zav. - G.S.Kan) i laboratorii biokhimii (zav. Ye.Ya.Geyman) Leningrad-skogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta tuberkuleza.

(STREPTOMYCIN) (TISSUES--INNERVATION)

(MERCAPTO GROUP)

ACC NR. AP7001747 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0193/66/000/010/0014/0017

AUTHOR: Fel'dman, D. I.; Geyman, Yu. P.; Volodarskiy, I. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: DEZ graphite plastic antifriction material

SOURCE: Byulleten' tekhniko-ekonomicheskoy informatsii, no. 10, 1966, 14-17

TOPIC TAGS: antifriction material, antifriction bearing, graphite, heat resistance, wear resistance, resin

ABSTRACT: Dnepr Electrode Plant (DEZ) And Zaporozhe Transformer Plant (ZTZ) have developed a new antifriction pressed material called DEZ graphite plastic, made of artificial (electrode) graphite and Bakelite lacquer. Bearings of any size may be shaped with this material in hydraulic presses for plastics by using closed molds heated to 130°C and stepped up to 150°C under pressures of 200 to 350 kg/cm², graduated according to the size of the bearing. Heat treatment is prescribed for DEZ bearings which must operate under temperatures of 120--130°C and of 250°C; tables give physical properties and loss of weight under heat treatment, also volumetric compression of DEZ bushings under various pressures. DEZ bearings may be used at high or low temperatures without further lubricants, and prevent wear in steel journals. If used in gear boxes with a flood lubricant, they reduce the friction coefficient to that of the best babbitt metal. When running in new DEZ bearings they show some wear and

Card 1/2

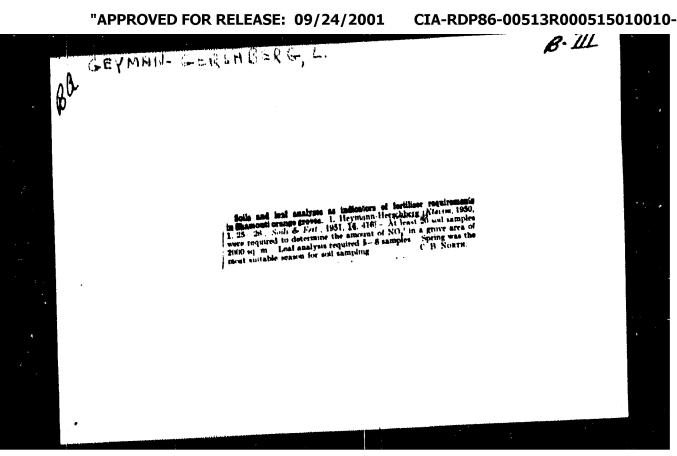
UDC: 621.775.74

ACC NR. AP7001747

heat until a film of graphite cyrstals is formed; their friction coefficient in this period should not exceed 0.1 or 0.11 and later drops to 0.04 or 0.06. They function well in pairs on chrome steel shafts whose hardness exceeds RC 45, but not well on bronze or aluminum alloys. Without lubrication they resist wear up to loads of 25 to 30 kg/cm², but wear and friction coefficients rise under heavier loading. They are particularly efficient in long coal or ore conveyors, in belt conveyors in cement and coke chemical works, automotive assembly lines, and metallurgical roll tables. They are applicable in machinery operating at low temperatures, also in textile, paper—making, printing, and food processing machinery where oil lubricants may damage the product. Orig. art. has: 1 formula and 5 tables.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: none

Card 2/2



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Milicrobiology of Beer Froduction From They." Thesis for degree of Cand Technical Sci.

"Microbiology of Beer Froduction From They." Thesis for degree of Cand Technical Sci.

Sub 10 M y 50, "Oscow Technological Inst of Food Industry

Summary 71, 4 Sep 52, Dissertations Presented for Degrees in Science and Engineering in

Moscow in 1950. From Mechaniyava Moskva, Jan-Dec 1950.

BLOK, G.; GENMAERG, S.C.

Use of yeast culture in making of butter. Molochnaya Prom. 14, No.6,
17-21.'53.
(CA 47 no.16:8278'53)

1. Dairy Inst., Vologda.

CEYMBERG

USSR/Microbiology - Industrial Microbiology.

F-3

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 15, 1958, 67179

Author

: Geymberg, S.G.

Inst

: Volog. rolochny in-ut.

Title

: The Composition of Yeast Isolated from Butter and Their

Study for the Purpose of Determining Their Species.

Orig Pub

: Volugodsk. molochn. in-t, 1956, vyp. 14, 233-249

Abstract

: Among 250 yeast cultures isolated from various brands of butter, the aerobic species predominated, which did not forment butter and did assimilate fat. More frequently branched forms are encountered which form a simplified mycelium. This ability provides for them a lasting preservation in butter and secures their predominance over other species. The yeast which ferment lactose are poorly adjusted to a development in butter and are seldom found

even in fresh samples.

Card 1/1

- 12 -

GEYMBERY 56.

USSR/Microbiology - Antibiosis and Symbiosis.

F-2

Antiobiotics.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 18, 1958, 81434

Author : Geymberg. S.G.

: Vologod Dairy Inst. Inst

: Effect of Yeast on Growth of Lactic Strepto-Title

cocci.

Tr. Vologodsk, molochn. in-ta, 1956, No. 14, Orig Pub:

251-258

In joint growth of pure yeast cultures with Abstract:

lactic streptococci (LS), the latter inhibit

yeasts during the most intense period of development. As lactic streptococci destruc-tion occurs, an intense reproduction of yeasts in the medium aids in increasing development of LS and retards their dying off in storage. The

Card 1/2

USSR/Microbiology - Antibiosis and Symbiosis Antiobiotics.

F-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 18, 1958, 81434

positive effect of yeasts can be explained by the fact that they enrich the medium with vitamins as well as with additional nutrient sources. In the presence of yeasts the oxidation-reduction potential of the medium remains at a low level for a long while, as a consequence of which the oxidation processes are retarded to a great degree, which in turn brings about spoilage of milk fats. -- V.M. Bogdanov

Card 2/2

17

GEYMBERG, N.G.; KUVAYEVA, I.B.; BABUSHKINA, L.M.; WASILTYETA, E.M.; PETRICHINA, L.T.

Effect of various diets on chemical processes and microflora of the large intestine in man. Vop. pit. 24 no.2:47-55 Mr-Ap 165. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Laboratoriya fiziologii i patologii pishekevareniya (dav. -- prof. G.K.Shlygin) Instituta pitaniya AMN SSCK, Moskva.

GEYMBERG, V. G.

"Hygienic Conditions During Production of Childrens' Milk Preparations," Gig. i San., No.4, 1948

Sector of Good Hygiene, Inst. Nutrition, AMS USSR

GENEREIG, V. G.

09Tel/32 A:

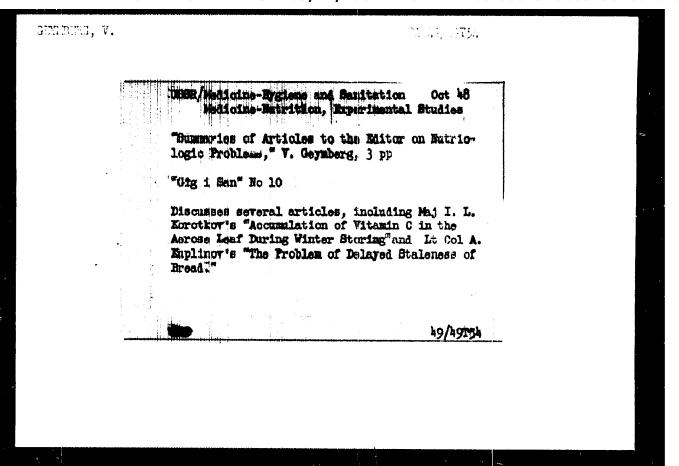
UBSR/Medicine - Fungi Medicine - Antiserum Aug 48

"Studies of the Serological Properties of the Fusarium Fungus, Isolated From Herbs Which Remain Through the Winter Under the Snow Cover," V. G. Geymberg, D. V. Kissina, Sector of Nutritional Hygiene, Inst of Nutrition, Acad Med Sci USSR, 5 3/4 pp

"Gig i San" No 8

Obtained antiserum through injections of extracts in rabbits. Explains use of the moldy growth of liquid culture of Fusarium Fungus in preparation of aqueous-saline extracts. Discloses reactions obtained. Includes four tables.

28/49780



GEYMBERG, V. G.

*Dynamics of Development of Grain Microflora Which Have Hibernated in an Experimental Grain Field, Gig. i San., No.5, 1949.

Dept. Nutritive Hygiene, Inst. Numbition, AMS USSR

GEYMBERG V. G

The role of dysentery bacteria in toxic food infection. Gig.sanit., Moskva No.5:32-36 Hay 50. (CLML 19:4)

1. Of the Microbiological Laboratory of the Department of Food Hygiene, Institute of Mutrition of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR.

PA 228135 CEIMBERO, V. C. reproduce in milk depends on the type and strain of States that intensity with which dysentery bacteria "Pediatriya" No 3, "Reproduction of Dysentery Bacteria During Manufacture of Sour-Milk Products," V. G. Geimberg, Microbiol Lab, Div of Food Hygiene, Inst of Nutrition, USSR/Medicine - Infectious Diseases dysentery bacteria are more persistent and grow bacteria. According to article, some strains of Med Sci USSR rapidly in curd milk. milk products which are marketed should be subthe course of an epidemiological investigation sour milk microbes, unless it is manufd in factories. In kind of enzyme prepn than a pure culture of sour-States that it is not advisable to use any other milk to which milk-curdling enzymes have been added. multiply to very great extent. (particularly Sonne bacilli) reproduce greatly in jected to examn. pp 64-67 Other strains do not tend to Dysentery bacilli May/Jun 52 228**T35** 228135

of the U.S.S.	ssion of the Institute of Nutrition of the R. Vop.pit. 12 no.3:90-95 My-Je '53.	Academy of Medicine (MLRA 6:6) (Nutrition)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

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